

## A TASTE OF SET THEORY: EXERCISE NUMBER 9

BOAZ TSABAN

All exercises below are taken from the booklet. Most of the solutions are very short. If needed, there are some hints in the booklet.

For  $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ , the *derived set*  $X'$  is the set of all accumulation (or: limit) points of  $X$ .

**1.** Let  $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ . Prove:

- (1)  $X \setminus X'$  countable.
- (2) If  $X'$  is countable, then  $X$  is countable.
- (3)  $X'$  is closed.
- (4) If there are no isolated points in  $X$ , then  $X \subseteq X'$ .
- (5) If  $X$  is closed, then  $X' \subseteq X$ .
- (6)  $X$  is perfect if, and only if,  $X = X'$ .

Define, by transfinite recursion:

- (1)  $X^{(0)} = X$ ;
- (2)  $X^{(\alpha+1)} = (X^{(\alpha)})'$ ;
- (3) For a limit ordinal  $\alpha$ ,  $X^{(\alpha)} = \bigcap\{X^{(\beta)} : 0 < \beta < \alpha\}$ .

**2.** Let  $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ . Prove:

- (1) For each  $\alpha > 0$ ,  $X^{(\alpha)}$  is closed.
- (2) For each  $0 < \alpha < \beta$ ,  $X^{(\beta)} \subseteq X^{(\alpha)}$ .
- (3) For each  $\alpha$ , if  $X^{(\alpha)} = X^{(\alpha+1)}$ , then for each  $\beta > \alpha$ ,  $X^{(\beta)} = X^{(\alpha)}$ .
- (4) If  $X^{(\alpha+1)} \subsetneq X^{(\alpha)}$ , then for each  $\beta < \alpha$ ,  $X^{(\beta+1)} \subsetneq X^{(\beta)}$ .

**3.** Assume that  $\langle F_\beta : \beta < \alpha \rangle$  is a strictly decreasing sequence of closed subsets of  $\mathbb{R}$  (for each  $\gamma < \delta$ ,  $F_\delta \subsetneq F_\gamma$ ). Prove that  $\alpha < \aleph_1$ .

*Good luck!*

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, THE WEIZMANN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE,  
REHOVOT 76100, ISRAEL

*E-mail address:* [boaz.tsaban@weizmann.ac.il](mailto:boaz.tsaban@weizmann.ac.il)

*URL:* <http://www.cs.biu.ac.il/~tsaban>